



**GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

**District Department of Transportation**

**Public Space Regulation Division**

**PSRD**

**SOP FOR MOBILE CRANE OPERATION**

**2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, October 31, 2015**

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This document is prepared to provide guidance for Maintenance of Traffic / Traffic Control Plan for Mobile Crane Operation Application's submissions, so they may be approved in a timely manner. Missing or insufficient information will delay approval.

**APPROVAL:**

Traffic Control Plan (TCP) or Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) Plan for mobile crane operation is submitted as part of a public space application to PSRA / Public Space Regulation Administration; it will be reviewed by the Traffic / Civil Engineering Division of PSRA.

**COORDINATION:**

Mobile Crane Operation TCPs must take into account any existing traffic control in the area adjacent to the proposed work zone. (The area adjacent is a minimum of one block in any direction from the proposed work zone.) The Mobile Crane Contractor is responsible for coordination with any adjacent work zone, including DDOT work zone, and special events.

**REVIEW:**

Mobile Crane Operation TCP's shall be subject to the review and verification by the DDOT staff for conformance to submission requirements. Compared to other types of construction equipment and temporary Work Zone within Public Space, mobile cranes typically occupy relatively large workspaces in three dimensions (3D) during any operation.

# SOP FOR MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

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The workspaces of cranes are to be taken into account carefully prior to their operation to reduce the potential for spatial conflicts between cranes and other components, such as building structures, existing utility lines, including overhead power lines, and other pieces of equipment, and temporary facilities located within their close proximity, resulting in hazardous work conditions. This document provides a clear set of guidance for crane workspace considerations and outlines the application process for mobile crane operation through transportation Online Permitting System (TOPS).

## **SUPPORT:**

Considerations for crane selection should include the weights, dimensions and lift radii expected, the type of lifting to be done, the serviceability of the equipment and the site conditions.

**STANDARD:** Restrictions in using a 220, 250 ton cranes:

- Street must have a minimum width of 50 feet to accommodate radius of crane.
- Entire street must be closed within the block where crane is to be used.
- Prepare a traffic control plan to detour traffic around this block.
- Sidewalk must be closed to pedestrians within work area.
- Traffic control plan must be tailored to fit contractor's specific situation.
- Permit invalid: If all required dimensions are not shown.

***When using a 220 tons and above crane, state the reason why this crane is used over any other type of crane size.***

Applicant must apply for the Mobile Crane Operation permit and follow TOPS prompts and instructions.

Make sure the Mobile Crane online application is filled out, including details of scope of work, and is complete.

Upload MOT/TCP drawing for Mobile Crane Operation electronically. Upload Mobile Crane Technical Specifications document.

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## **SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS:**

MOT/TCP must be tailored to fit contractor's specific situation.

MOT/TCP drawing for Mobile Crane Operation must be included and must meet the 1/7/2014 "Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Submittal Guidelines" as a bare minimum.

All traffic control shall conform to the part - VI of the 2009 edition Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), DC Temporary Traffic Control Manual. Guidelines and Standards – 2006 Edition, DDOT Design and Engineering Manual - DC Department of Transportation, IPMA.

All traffic control shall adhere to DDOT Standards Specifications for Highways and Structures [the "Gold Book"] 2013 Edition. Reference section 104.02 Maintenance of Traffic, 603. Guardrails and guardrail Terminals (603.01 – 603.09), 610 Traffic Barriers (610.01 – 610.03), 612. Traffic Control (612.01 – 612.21), 616. Traffic Signing (616.01 - 616.08), 617. Impact Attenuators (617.01 – 617.03), 207. Trench Excavation and Backfill (207.01 – 207.07), and 215. Excavations and Restorations /Utility Lines/ (215.01 – 215.09)

## **APPLICATION REVIEW PROCESS: (*For Mobile Crane Operation on Minor and Principal Arterials.*)**

- Review MOT/TCP for Mobile Crane Operation including: Online Application, TCP drawing(s), or Detour Plan(s), and Mobile Crane Technical Specifications:
- The MOT/TCP drawing must be checked against the "Detailed City Map", Geographic Information System (GIS). The MOT/TCP shall be subject to review and verification by Plan Review Division staff that the MOT/TCP meets DDOT requirements.
- The Plan Review Division (PRD) engineer must go to the field for an on-site inspection of the existing conditions of the site verses the MOT/TCP that was submitted with the application.

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- The MOT/TCP drawing and field observations / notes are brought back to the office where the content of the MOT/TCP is checked against current District of Columbia standards pertaining to the traffic safety, pedestrian safety, accessibility, and mobility.
- Notes on the drawings shall be made in red ink to indicate any oversights on the MOT/TCP by the applicant. Additionally, reviewer may use online Reviewing Agencies Notes Text box for adding comments and recommendations addressed to the applicant.
- Once the standards are verified, met and are satisfactory, the plan is stamped “Approved”. Minor modifications can be made to the drawing as the reviewer sees fit, however, modifications made should be short of redesigning the original MOT/TCP. All changes are to be made in red ink to distinguish them from the original markings.
- If standards are not verified and the drawing is incomplete, inaccurate to the point the reviewer would consider the changes to be too extensive compared to the original submission, or the area is too congested for any further projects at that time, or no plan is uploaded with the application, then the application should be stamped “Revision Needed”.
- Once the MOT/TCP has been designated as “Approved”, a copy should be made of the approved MOT/TCP’s drawing by the reviewer.
- The uploading process of the reviewed MOT/TCP drawing to TOPS should be done by an engineering technician of Permitting Division.
- Once an application has been designated as “Revision Needed”, the TOPS automatically will inform the applicant about the problems with their application.
- The applicant can upload revised MOT/TCP drawing electronically to the reviewer for further processing.
- The applicant is given an opportunity to come in to discuss the problem with the reviewer and receive instructions on how to correct the problem if it cannot be done electronically through TOPS.

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- The time for MOT/TCP review process starts immediately upon receiving technician E-mails on TOPS by the traffic engineer. The estimated time for review MOT/TCP drawing should be - 10 working days (two weeks).

## **INSPECTION:**

DDOT / PSRA / Public Space Inspections Division reserves the right to periodically inspect mobile crane work to ensure compliance, ascertain that safety measures are in place, and that the measures conform to the approved TCP and criteria listed on the recent edition of Traffic Control Plan Inspection Criteria document. PSI inspector must request to see the permit for mobile crane operation and check the expiration date.

## **EMERGENCY MOBILE CRANE OPERATION:**

Cranes that are used for emergency short-term work hours: Applicants for Emergency Mobile Crane Operation for life threatening situations such as hoisting an AC and Heating Units, large medical equipment, etc., are allowed to apply online for the Mobile Crane Operation permit without first going to Plan Review Division (PRD) for electronic review of MOT/TCP drawing. PSI must be notified and deemed an emergency and authorized to begin work without a permit.

The applicant must apply for a permit within three business days of the start of work. Emergencies on private property must be deemed an emergency from DCRA Inspections and verified through PSI. Then the applicant must proceed to Permit Office to purchase permit(s). Also this type of work does not need ANC notification.

## **APPLICATION REVIEW PROCESS: *(For Mobile Crane Operation on Local Streets and Collectors)***

Applications for Mobile Crane Work on local streets and collectors do not require a review of the MOT/TCP by the Plan Review Division, except street Full Closure or Partial Closure, when Traffic Detour is Necessary. This type of applications should be reviewed by the engineer technicians of the PSRA / Permit division. See Table 1

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**Table 1.**

Type of Mobile Crane Operation	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF STREETS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
	Local Street	Collector	Minor Arterial	Principal
Full Closure and Partial Closure if Traffic Detour is Necessary	Review by PRD	Review by PRD	Review by PRD	Review by PRD
Partial Closure One Lane Road (Flagman Operation)	Review by Permit Office Engineer Tech.	Review by Permit Office Engineer Tech.	Review by PRD	Review by PRD
All Others	Review by Permit Office Engineer Tech.	Review by Permit Office Engineer Tech.	Review by PRD	Review by PRD

# SOP FOR MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

## **APPLICATION REVIEW PROCESS: *(For Mobile Crane Operation on Local Streets When the Roadway Will be Fully Closed)***

Only the following applications for Mobile Crane Work on local streets should be reviewed by the Plan Review Division:

- A. Full closure of the street and sidewalk(s) within the block;
- B. Changes to existing street traffic operation, including temporary conversion of the traffic from two-way to one-way.

For both above mentioned categories (A and B) applicant must submit detour plans for review and approval by Plan Review Division. See Table 1.

### **TYPICAL TCPs FOR MOBILE CRANE OPERATION:**

Four (4) typical TCPs for mobile crane work are available through the DDOT website in PDF format for use. **The typical TCPs are applicable for mobile crane operations only for local streets.** Please visit the website for further information: [http://ddot.dev.dc.gov/ddot/cwp/view ,a 1250,q,640384.asp](http://ddot.dev.dc.gov/ddot/cwp/view,a1250,q,640384.asp).

The above referenced link is the link to the Temporary Traffic Control Manual Guidelines and Standards.

When submitting DDOT typicals, make sure to specify street geometry, existing street dimensions, street names, etc. Each typical Traffic Control Plan drawing should contain a list of locations for which the TCP is applicable.

Submit only those typicals that apply. The submitted typical TCPs should match real street conditions. Otherwise, submit MOT/ TCP individually, based on actual real street conditions and work zone location, using a recent edition of the “Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Submittal Guidelines” as a bare minimum.

**Our goal is a safe mobile crane work. Thank you for your cooperation!**

# MOT/TCP FOR MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

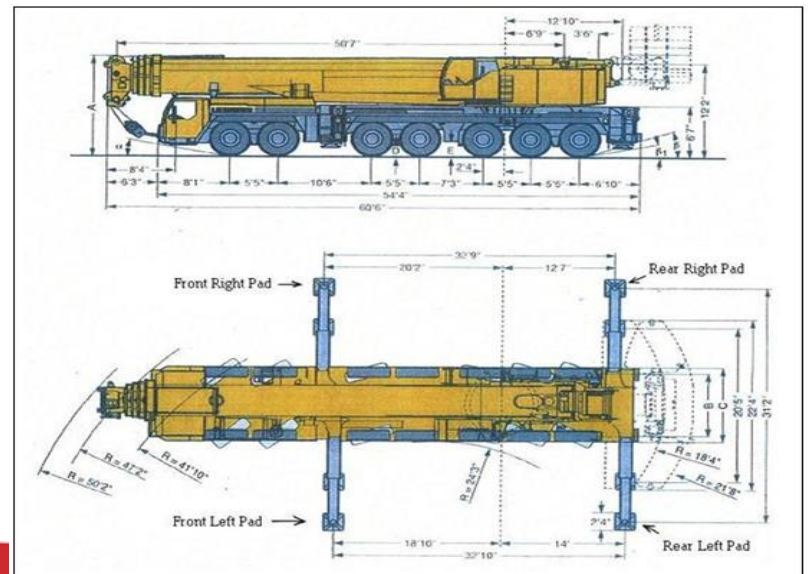
The outriggers keep the crane balanced during a lift.



Outriggers, an extended legs of mobile cranes that take load from wheels during lifting stage



The Basic Dimensions 400-ton crane





# Crane Typical for a Two-Way St./Two Lane Closure/Lane Shift

## TCP - 1

### MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

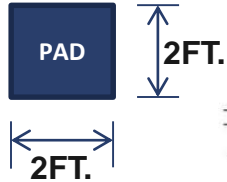


### OUTRIGGER - BLOCKING

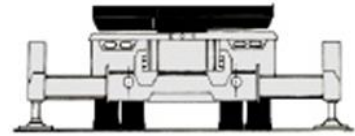
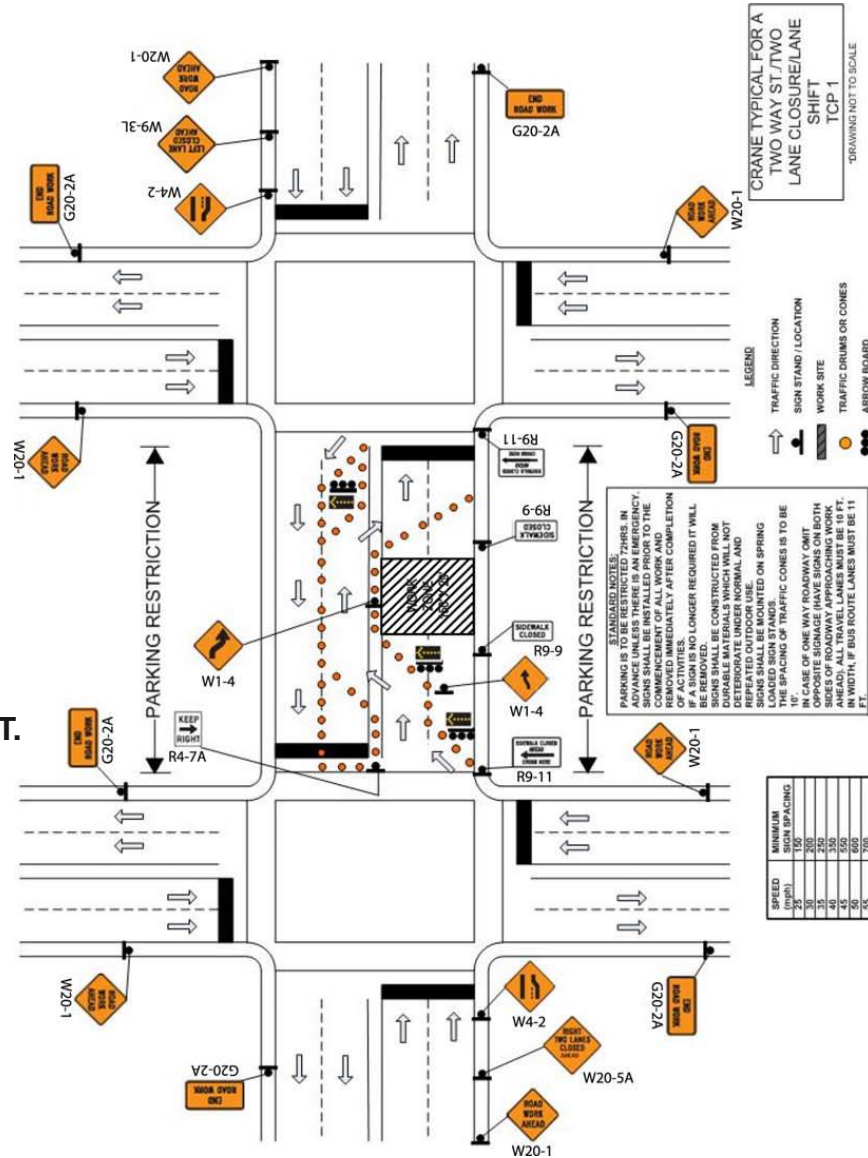
$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{CRANE CAPACITY}}{5}$$

Example:

$$4 \text{ SQ FT} = \frac{20 \text{ TON}}{5}$$



See SOP for MOBILE CRANE OPERATION  
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### CRANE PADS



L.P.

# Crane Typical for a Two Lane Closure

## MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

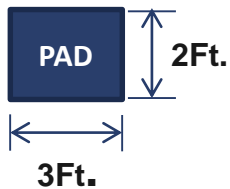


## OUTRIGGER - BLOCKING

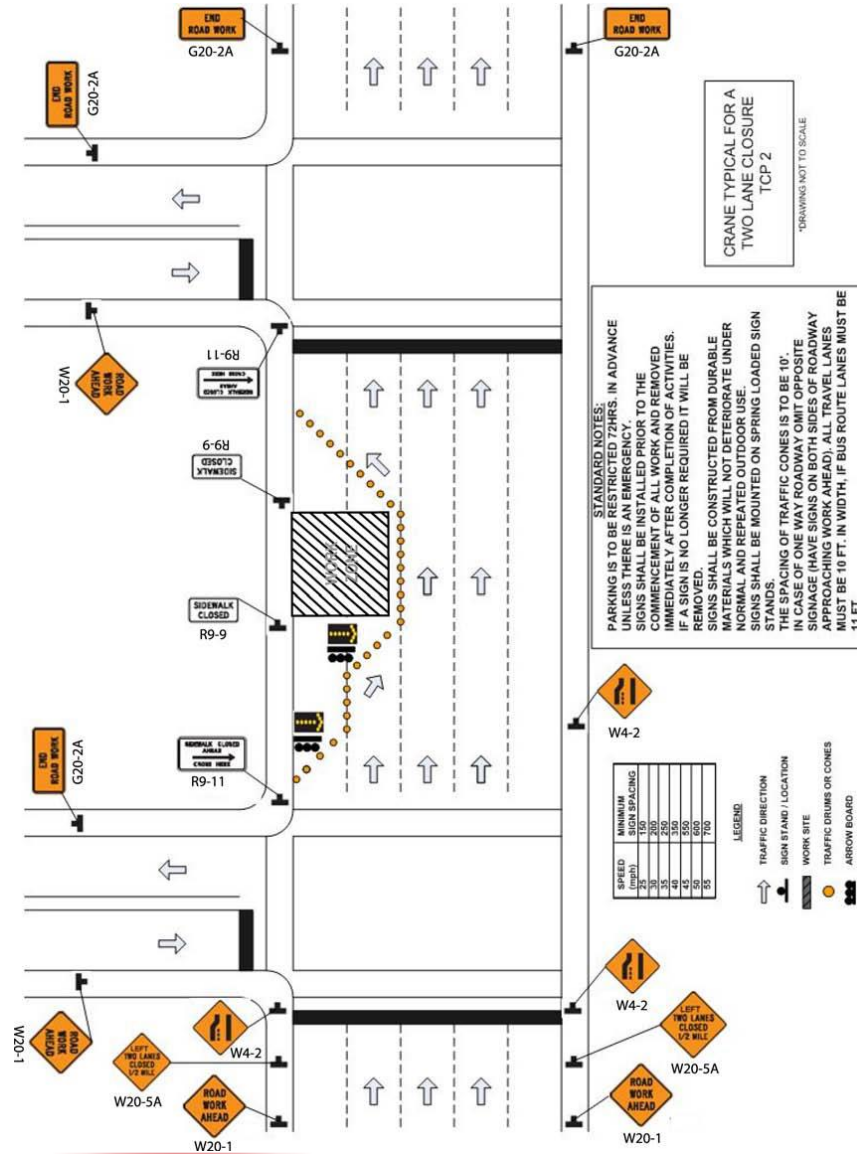
$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{CRANE CAPACITY}}{5}$$

Example:

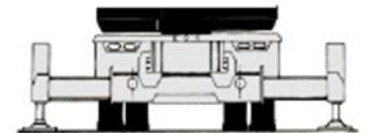
$$6 \text{ SQ FT} = \frac{30 \text{ TON}}{5}$$



## TCP - 2



See SOP for  
**MOBILE  
 CRANE  
 OPERATION**  
 1<sup>st</sup> EDITION,  
 APRIL 2, 2014.,  
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 PRD



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# Typical Details for a One-Way St. Two Lane Closure

## TCP - 3

### MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

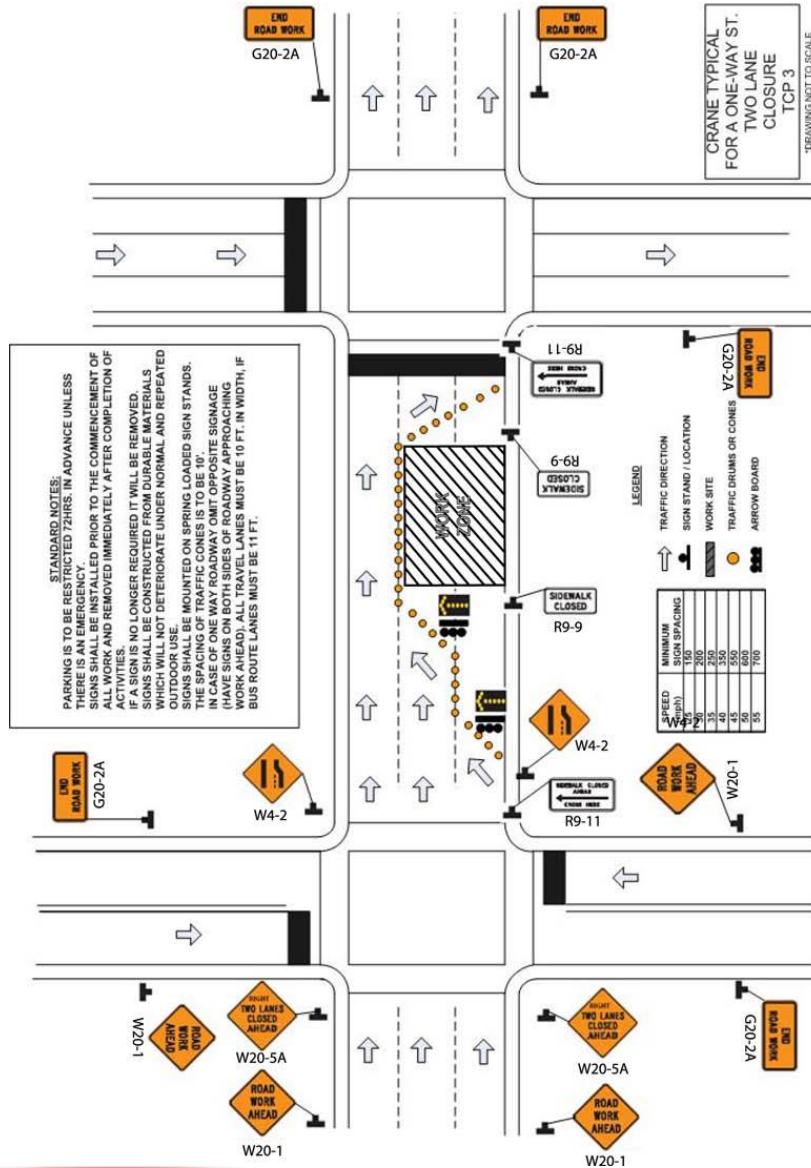
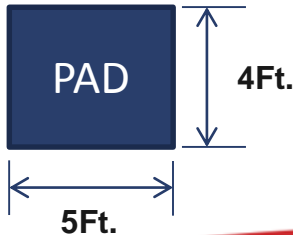


### OUTRIGGER - BLOCKING

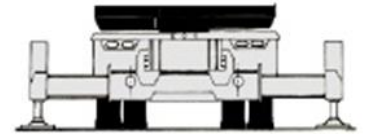
$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{CRANE CAPACITY}}{5}$$

Example:

$$20 \text{ SQ FT} = \frac{100 \text{ TON}}{5}$$



See SOP for MOBILE CRANE OPERATION 1<sup>st</sup> EDITION, APRIL 2, 2014., DDOT/PSRA/PRD



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# Typical Detail for a Two-Way St. One Lane Closure/Flagger

## MOBILE CRANE OPERATION

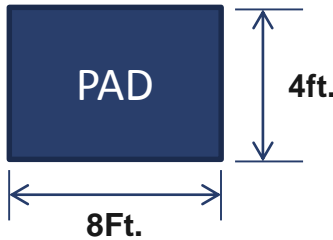


### OUTRIGGER - BLOCKING

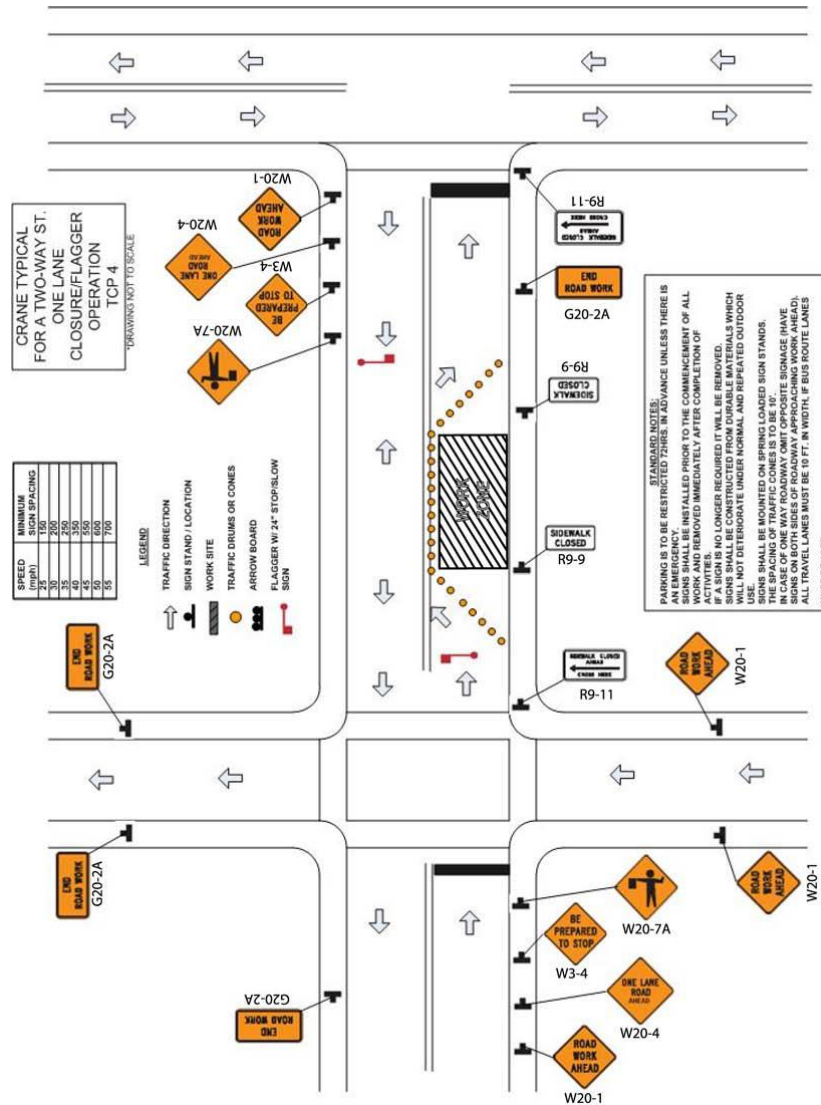
$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{CRANE CAPACITY}}{5}$$

Example:

$$32 \text{ SQ FT} = \frac{160 \text{ TON}}{5}$$



## Operation TCP - 4



See SOP for MOBILE CRANE OPERATION 1st EDITION, APRIL 2, 2014., DDOT/PSRA/ PRD

