

Grant Circle Community Meeting

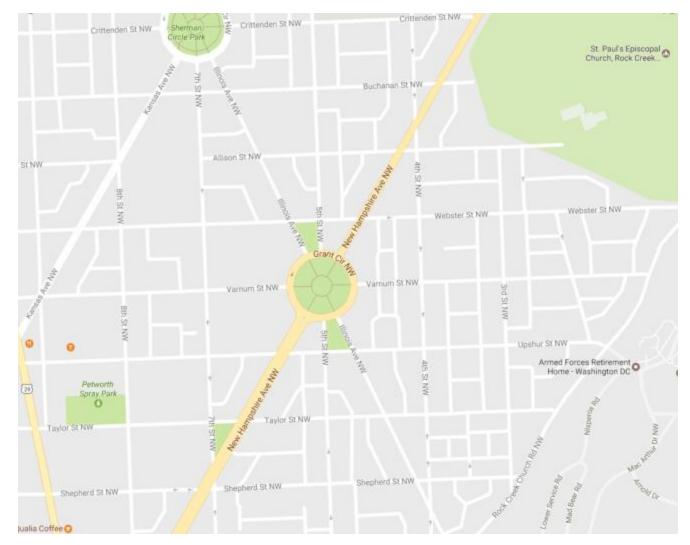




Agenda

- Introduction
- Existing Conditions
- Rock Creek East II Livability Study
- Further Analysis
- Next Steps
- Q&A

Grant Circle



Existing Conditions

- Average daily traffic volume at Grant Circle is 10,000 vehicles
- All approaches to the circle are unsignalized and controlled by stop or yield signs
- Five unsignalized crosswalks into the circle
- 11 and 12 foot wide travel lanes, and one 17 foot wide parking and bus stop lane
- New Hampshire Avenue has one travel lane in each direction north of the circle and two south of the circle

Issues

- Speed
- Safety for all users
- Crash Data (2013 to 2015)
 - 14 total crashes
 - 8 injuries
 - Zero crashes involving pedestrians
 - 4 crashes involving bicyclists
 - Zero fatalities or disabling injuries

Rock Creek East II Livability Study

- Recommended reducing Grant Circle from two travel lanes to one
- Goal to slow drivers, improve pedestrian safety
- Extra space could be repurposed for a variety of uses (green infrastructure, bike lane, raised crosswalks, etc)
- Full implementation would take 4-8 years
- Next steps for Grant Circle could be similar for Sherman Circle

Rock Creek East II Livability Study



*Conceptual design, needs further study

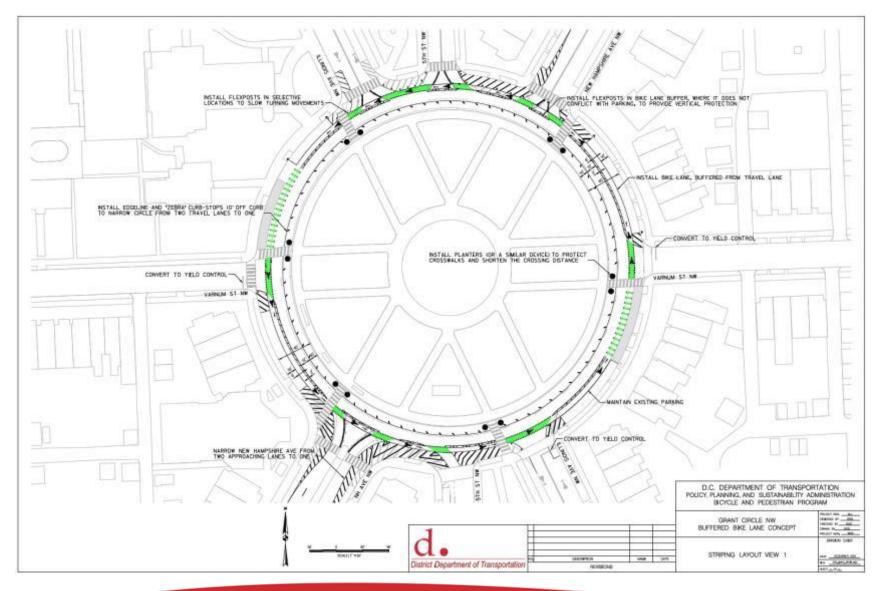
Overall Feedback

- General support for livability study recommendation, but concern with implementation timeline
- Concerns about the reduction in traffic capacity, and resulting increase in commuter traffic on local roadways
- DDOT Director and staff attended site visit in November 2016 with ANC Commissioners and residents to observe Grant Circle traffic
- Sherman Circle was also discussed and a site visit has been scheduled for Monday, May 15 at 10 AM at Sherman Circle

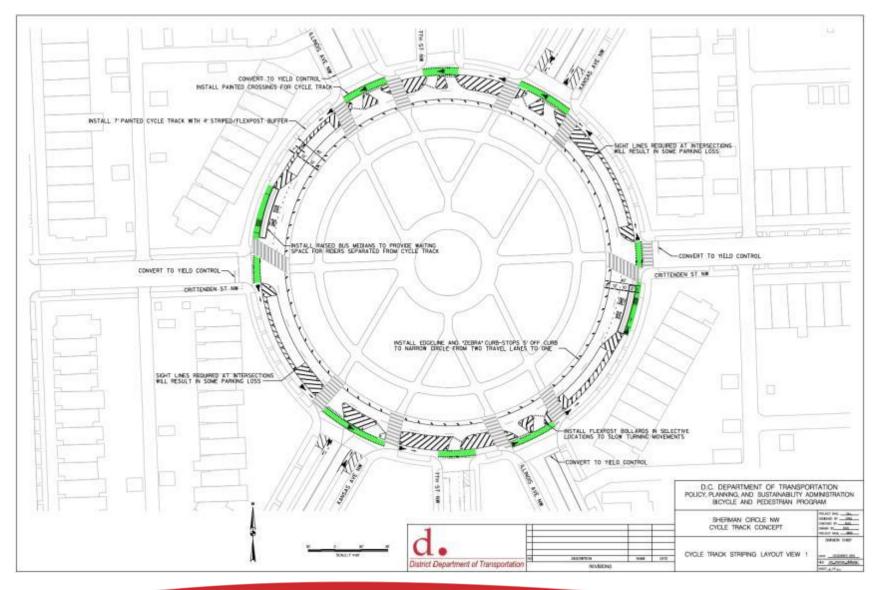
Conceptual Designs

- DDOT drafted three concepts for Grant and Sherman Circles
- One-Lane Design: Buffered Bike Lane Narrows traffic operations in the circle to one lane, and adds a bike lane. Protected bike lane when not adjacent to parking. Circle crosswalks shortened from 40 feet to 20 feet.
- One-Lane Design: Cycle Track Concept Narrows traffic operations in the circle to one lane, and adds a cycle track. Crosswalks into the circle would be shorter. Bus stops moved off the curb.
- Two-Lane Design: Flexposts and Revised Striping Concept Does not eliminate a travel lane, and no bike lane is included. This concept uses flexposts and striping to shift parking off the curb.

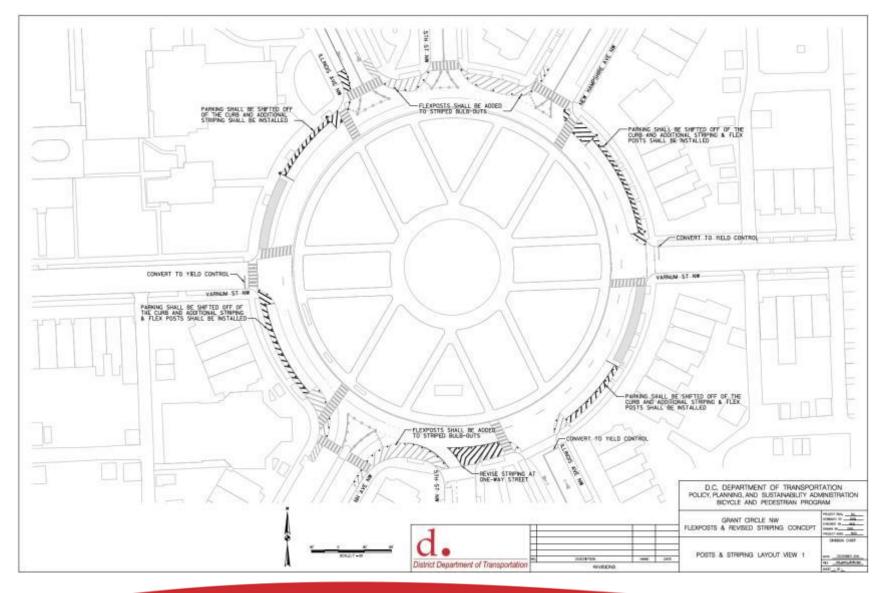
One-Lane Design – Buffered Bike Lane



One-Lane Design – Cycle Track



Two-Lane Design



Further Analysis

- DDOT performed additional analysis on what a reduction to one travel lane would mean for traffic operations at Grant Circle
- Analysis focused on the performance of traffic entering the circle from New Hampshire and Illinois Avenue approaches

Grant Circle Traffic Analysis Focus



Data Collection

- Weekday AM and PM peak period turning movement counts were collected at the four focal intersections with the circle
- Daily 24-hour circulatory volume counts by lane were collected on the circle at four midblock locations
- Daily 48-hour directional inbound and outbound volume counts were collected at each of the eight intersecting legs

Turning Movement Counts



Volume Counts



Operational and Capacity Analysis

- Study compares existing two lane condition to a single lane configuration
- Traffic volumes were used to run operational analysis of AM and PM peak periods
- Analysis evaluated impacts to delay for vehicles entering the circle, as well as queuing on approaches leading to the circle

Queuing Analysis

- AM Peak Hour Significant queuing impacts projected for southbound New Hampshire and Illinois Avenues, and queues likely to impact other intersections
- PM Peak Hour Queues projected to increase on all approaches, but with only slight impacts on other intersections

Limitations of Analysis

- DDOT conducted limited planning-level analysis to address potential major impacts or red flags before moving forward
- Analysis works best for traditional four-leg intersections, and has some limitations when working with circles
 - Limitations mainly related to short segments in the circle roadway between intersecting streets
 - Complex roadway design of Grant Circle introduces additional variables
 - Other available modeling tools either don't include queuing analysis, or are more appropriate for future phases

Conclusions of Analysis

- Results of analysis indicate a negative impact on traffic flow if circle is reduced to a single travel lane
 - At peak times, New Hampshire approaches and southbound Illinois approach currently operate with volumes near or exceeding available capacity
 - Reducing to one lane will increase delays and queues, especially north of the circle during AM peak
 - Volumes on several approaches would further exceed available capacity
 - Drivers would likely find other routes that divert away from Grant Circle

Next Steps

- Because the traffic modeling software has limitations when working with traffic circles, and given the safety concerns, DDOT wants to test one-lane design in real time
- DDOT will test out one-lane configuration for one week (week of May 22)
- DDOT will post concrete barriers to block off one travel lane in Grant Circle
- Concrete barriers will also be posted in New Hampshire Avenue south of the circle so drivers can only enter from one lane

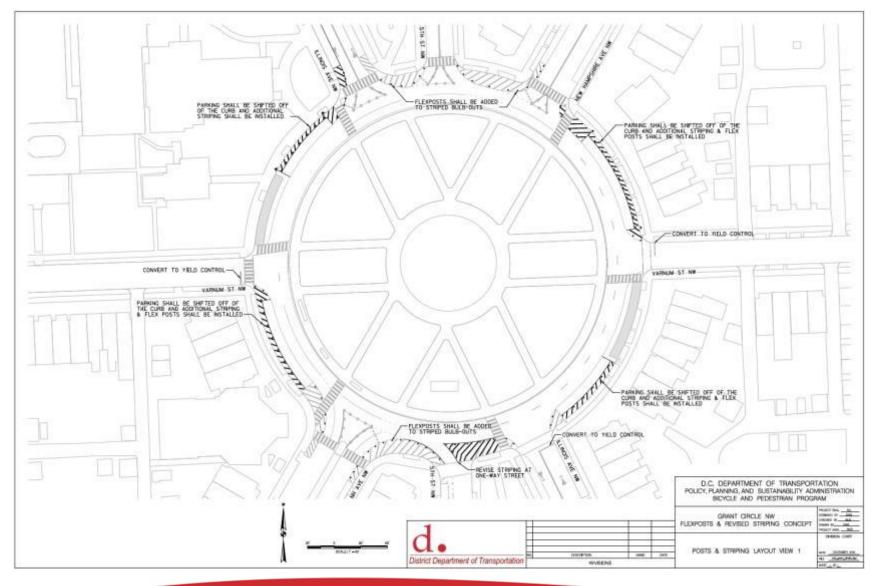
One Lane Design During Trial Period



Evaluation

- DDOT will collect data and conduct field observations during trial period, analyze data, and report back to community
- Evaluation will be based on changes to traffic operations, volumes, and queuing
- Focus areas
 - Increased congestion at Grant Circle, particularly at intersections with New Hampshire and Illinois Avenues
 - Queues on southbound New Hampshire and Illinois Avenues during AM peak
 - Increases in commuter volumes
 - Pedestrian and bicycle safety
- Two outcomes
 - If one-lane configuration works well during trial period, DDOT will retain this option in future plans
 - If one-lane configuration does not work well, DDOT will move forward with a twolane design option only
- We also intend to analyze and create design concepts for Sherman Circle at a later date

Two-Lane Design



Two-Lane Design

- Will retain two lanes of traffic around the circle
- Variety of treatments will be considered
 - Narrowing of existing travel and parking lanes
 - Increased striping and flex posts
 - Shorter pedestrian crosswalks into the circle
 - Tighter turning radii
 - Single lane entrance/exit at New Hampshire Avenue
 - Buffered bike lane
 - Raised crosswalks

Send feedback to:

Ted Van Houten

Transportation Planner

theodore.vanhouten@dc.gov